



Understanding *In Situ* Forming Implants and Development of Appropriate *In Vitro* Testing Methods

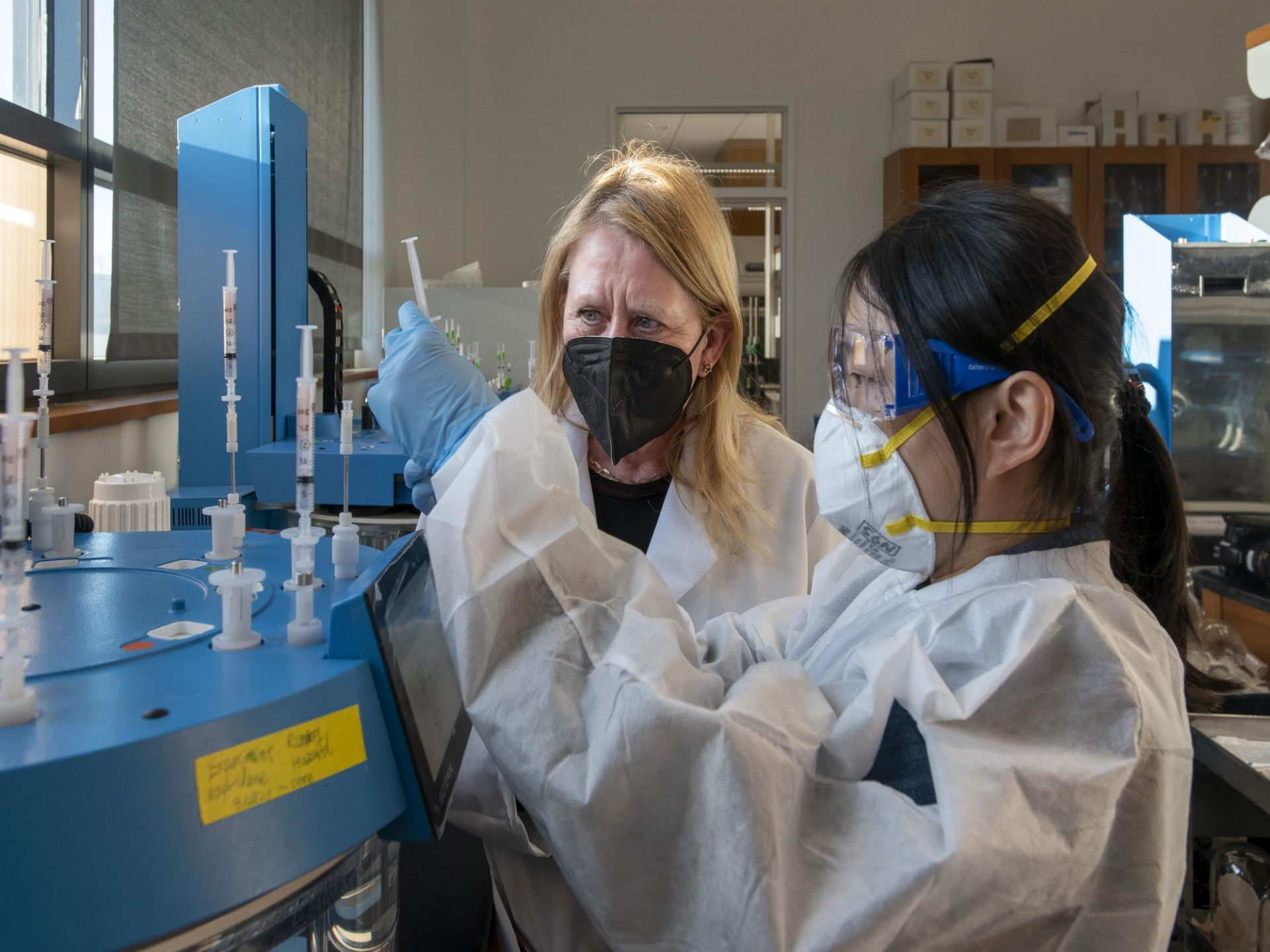
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Pfizer Distinguished Professor of Pharmaceutical Technology

Board of Trustees Distinguished Professor of Pharmaceutics

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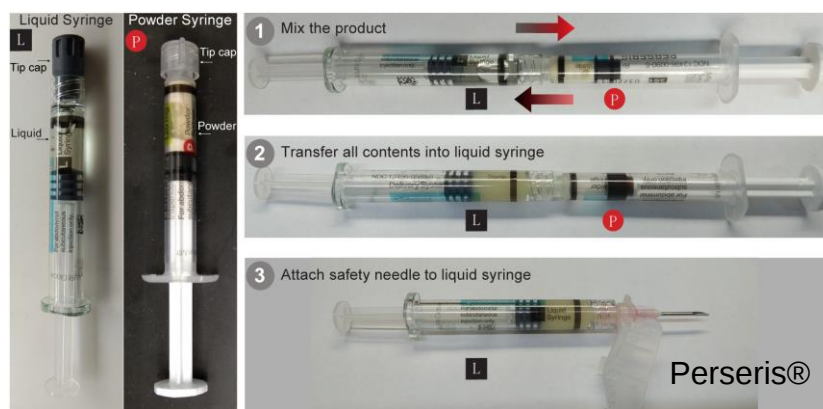
**December 7th, 2023, CRCG
Rockville, MD**





In situ forming implants

-Definition and advantages



- Localized/systemic drug delivery
- Sustained drug release over periods of days to months
- Injectable and less invasive compared to traditional solid implants
- Improved patient compliance

X. Wang, D.J. Burgess, *Drug release from in situ forming implants and advances in release testing*, *Adv. Drug Deliv. Rev.*, (2021) 113912.



In situ forming implants

- Commercial products

Product /Approval date	Manufacturer	Indication	Powder Syringe	Liquid Syringe	Duration
Atridox® 1988	Tolmar	Chronic adult periodontitis	50 mg doxycycline hyclate	450 mg (36.7% PLA dissolved in 63.3% NMP)	7 days
Eligard® 2002	Tolmar	Advanced prostate cancer	7.5 mg leuprolide acetate	0.25 ml: 82.5 mg PLGA (L/G 50:50), 160 mg NMP	1 month
			22.5 mg leuprolide acetate	0.375 ml: 158.6 mg PLGA (L/G 75:25), 193.9 mg NMP	3 months
			30 mg leuprolide acetate	0.5 ml: 211.5 mg PLGA (L/G 75:25), 258.5 mg NMP	4 months
			45 mg leuprolide acetate	0.375 ml: 165 mg PLGA (L/G 85:15), 165 mg NMP	6 months
Sublocade® 2017	Indivior	Opioid addiction	N/A	0.5 ml: 100 mg buprenorphine, 178 mg PLGA (L/G 50:50), 278 mg NMP	1 month
				1.5 ml: 300 mg buprenorphine, 533 mg PLGA (L/G 50:50), 833 mg NMP	
Perseris® 2018	Indivior	Schizophrenia	90 mg risperidone	0.6 ml: 228 mg PLGA (L/G 80:20), 282 mg NMP	1 month
			120 mg risperidone	0.8 ml: 304 mg PLGA (L/G 80:20), 376 mg NMP	
Fensovi® 2020	Tolmar	Pediatric patients with central precocious puberty	45 mg Leuprolide acetate	165 mg PLGA (L/G ratio, 85:15), 165 mg NMP	6 months
Camcevi® 2021	Accord BioPharma	Advanced prostate cancer	N/A	42 mg Leuprolide mesylate, 184 mg PLA/136 mg NMP	6 months

- Limited commercial products
- Lack of FDA guidance on *in vitro* release testing



Objectives

1. Develop reproducible, biorelevant *in vitro* release testing method for risperidone *in situ* forming implants
2. Investigate impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants
3. Develop bioequivalence recommendations for *in situ* forming implants through an *in vitro* only approach

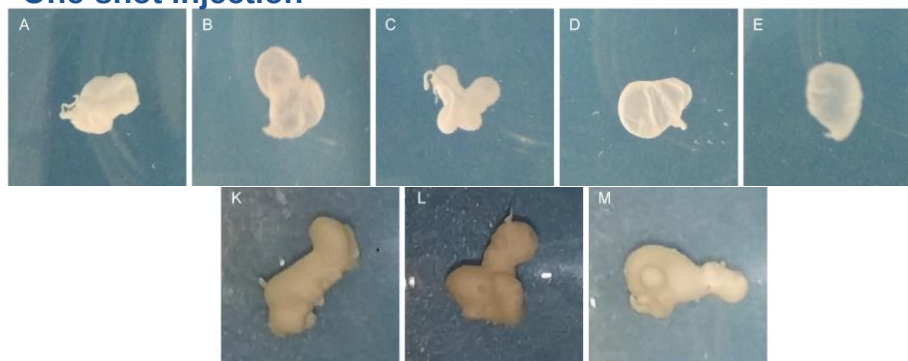


In situ forming implants

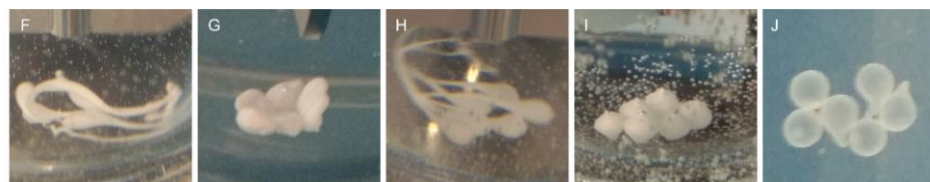
-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Irregular shape of implants formed by direct injection

One-shot injection



Drop-by-drop injection



X. Wang, Q. Bao, M. S. Suh, M. Kastellorizios, R. Wang, D. J. Burgess. Novel adapter method for *in vitro* release testing of *in situ* forming implants. *Int. J. Pharm.*, 2022, 621:121777.

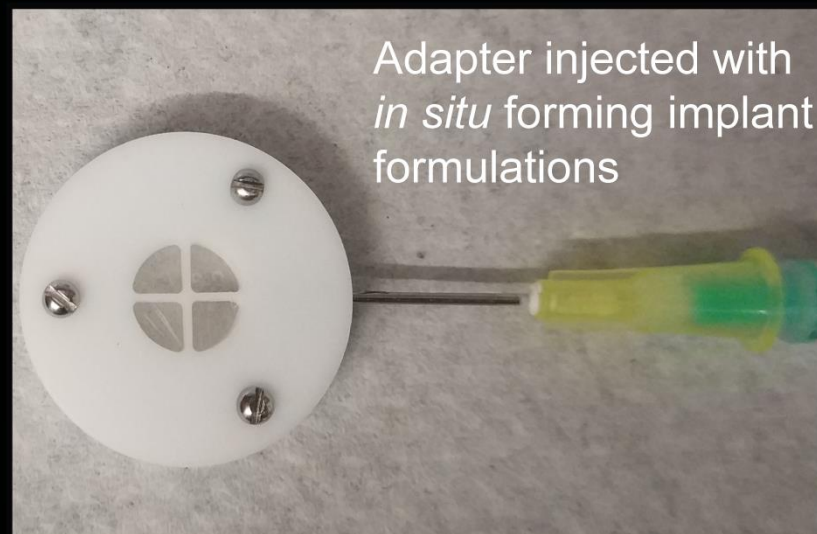


In situ forming implants

-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Novel shape-controlling adapter with PVA film

Dissolution adapter for *in vitro* release testing of *in situ* forming implants



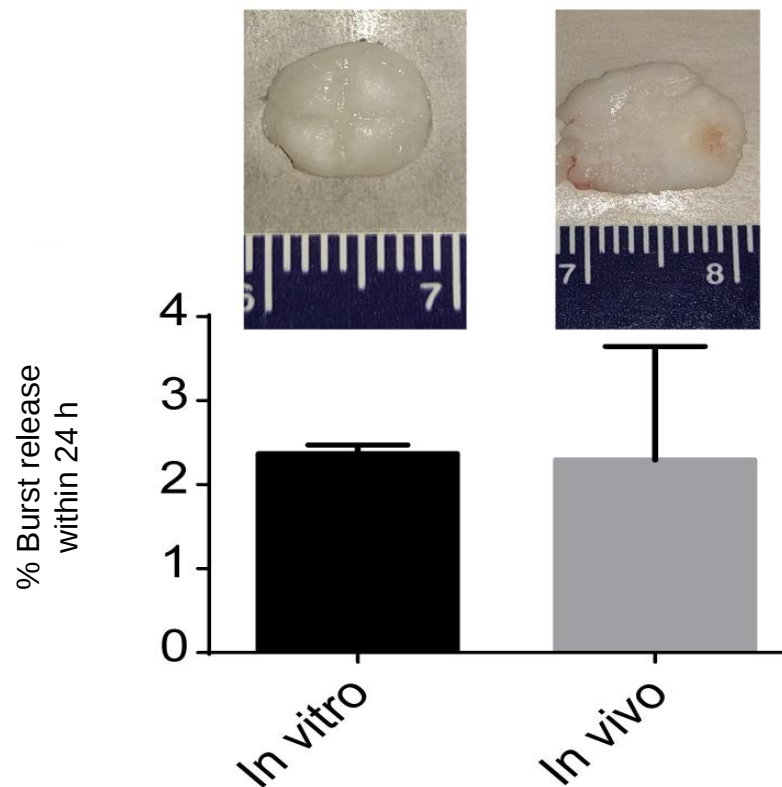
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In situ forming implants

-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Bio-mimicking and reproducible



X. Wang, Q. Bao, M. S. Suh, M. Kastellorizios, R. Wang, D. J. Burgess. Novel adapter method for *in vitro* release testing of *in situ* forming implants. *Int. J. Pharm.*, 2022, 621:121777.

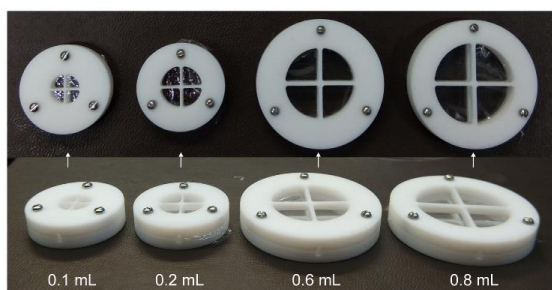


In situ forming implants

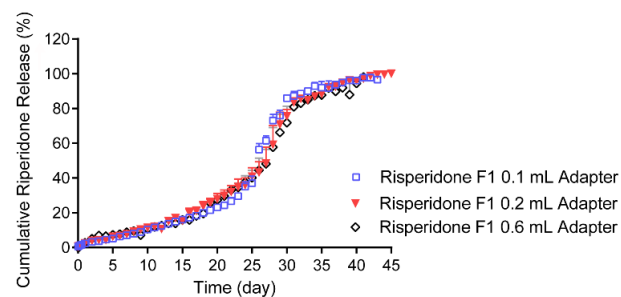
-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Volume-independent drug release

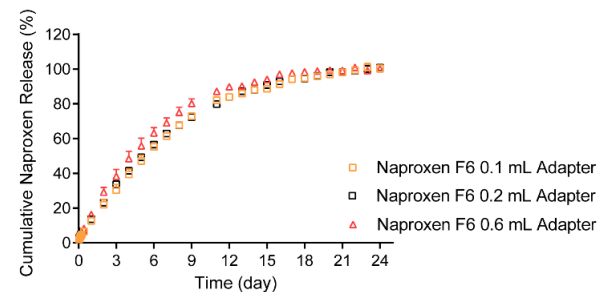
A



B



C



Formulation	Drug	PLGA	NMP
Risperidone F1	90 mg risperidone	228 mg PLGA (L/G 80/20, 24.2 KDa)	282 mg
Naproxen F6	100 mg naproxen	228 mg PLGA (L/G 80/20, 24.2 KDa)	282 mg

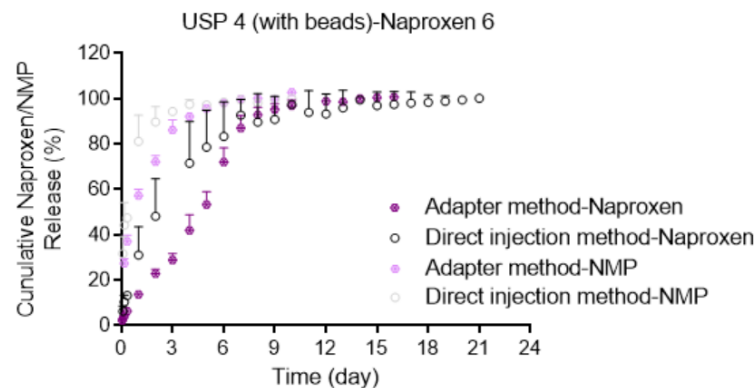
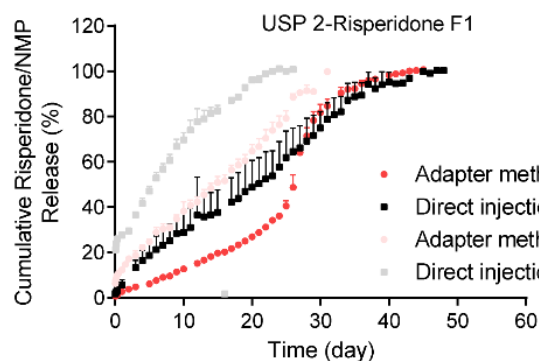
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In situ forming implants

-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Consistent release data and capacity to distinguish different release phases



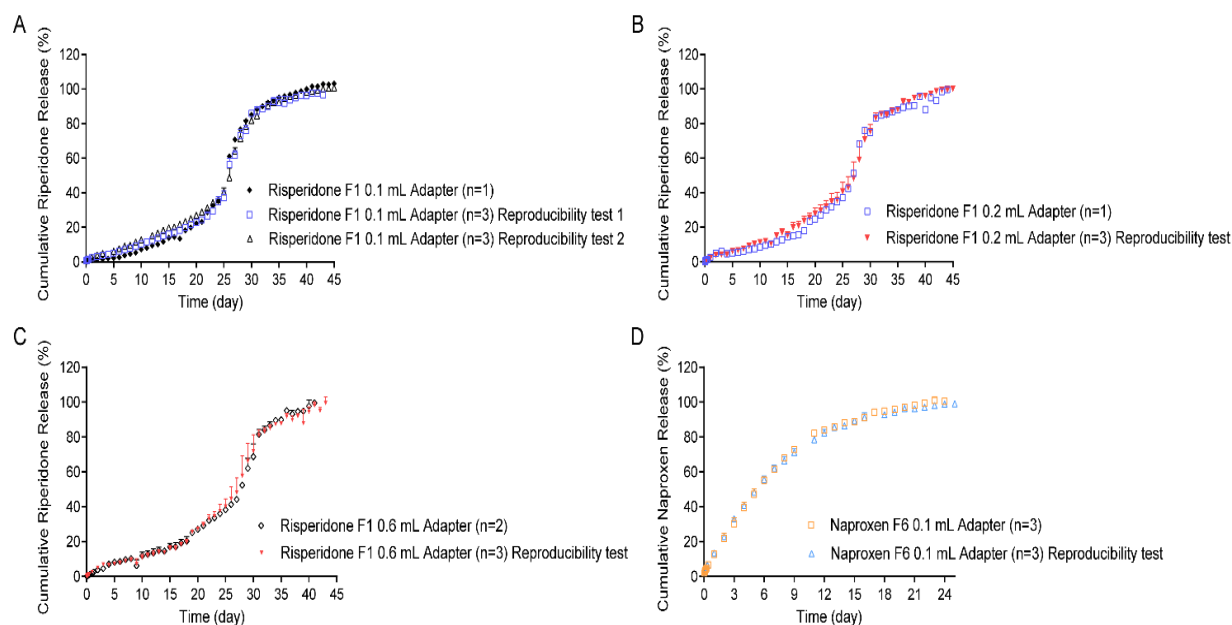
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In situ forming implants

-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Desirable reproducibility



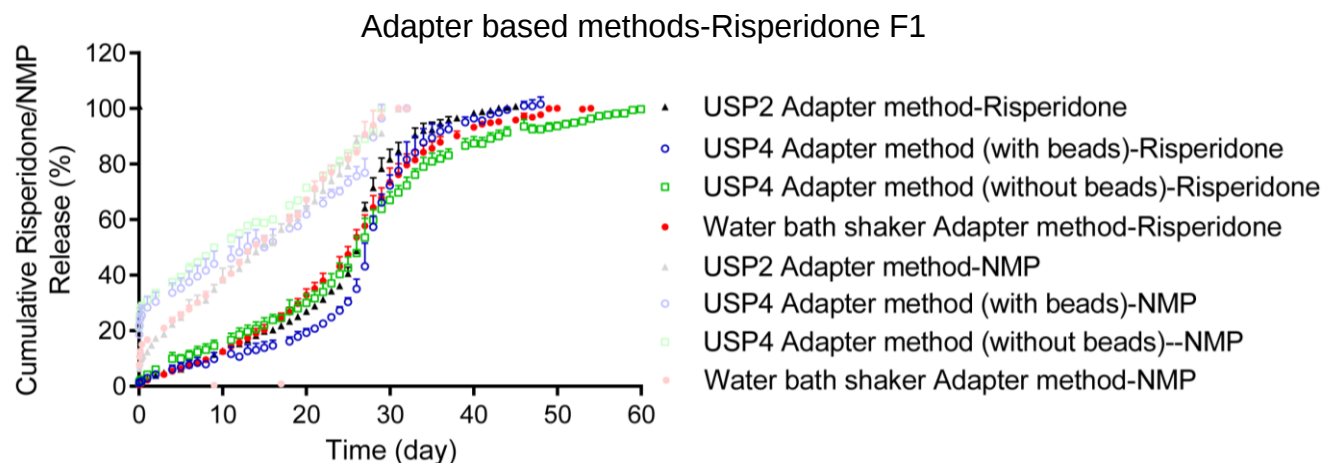
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In situ forming implants

-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Applicable to different dissolution apparatus (USP 2, USP 4, water bath shaker)



Discriminative in apparatus changes

X. Wang, Q. Bao, M. S. Suh, M. Kastellorizios, R. Wang, D. J. Burgess. Novel adapter method for *in vitro* release testing of *in situ* forming implants. *Int. J. Pharm.*, 2022, 621:121777.

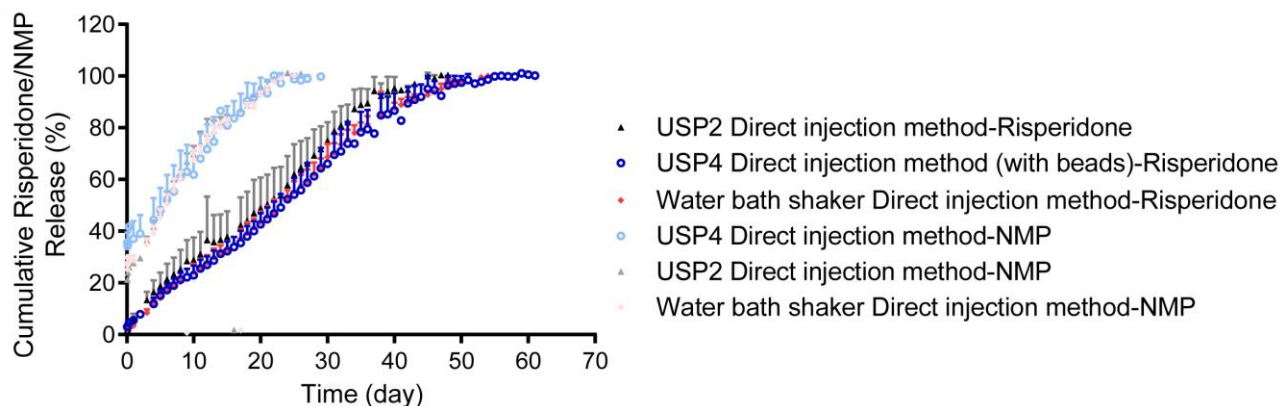


In situ forming implants

-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Applicable to different dissolution apparatus (USP 2, USP 4, water bath shaker)

Direct injection methods-Risperidone F1



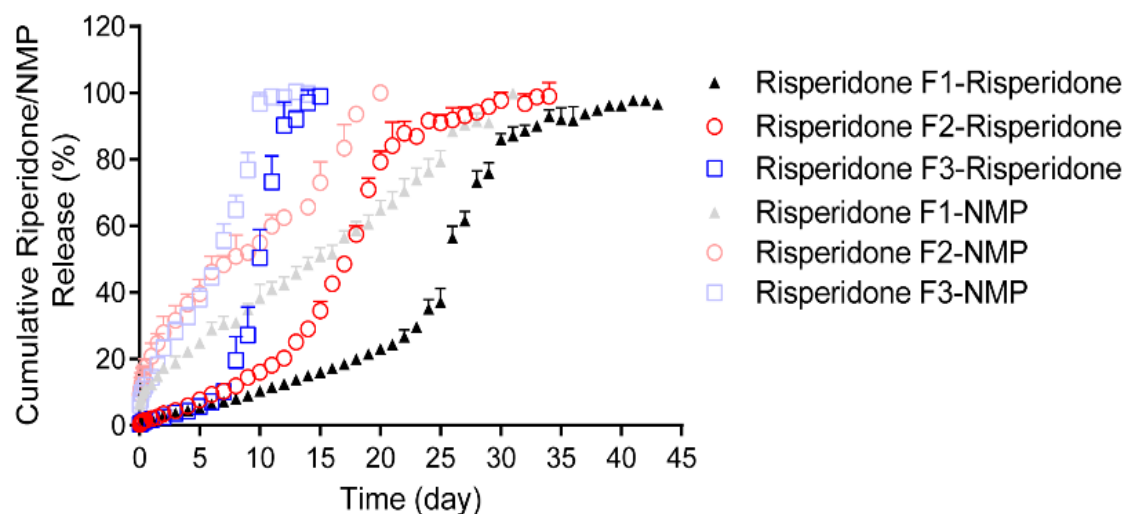
Failed to discriminate apparatus changes
due to the large error bars



In situ forming implants

-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Ability to discriminate formulation changes with significant differences in PLGA attributes



Formulation	Drug	PLGA	NMP
Risperidone F1	90 mg risperidone	228 mg PLGA (L/G 80/20, 24.2 KDa)	282 mg
Risperidone F2	90 mg risperidone	228 mg PLGA (L/G 75/25, 16.8 KDa)	282 mg
Risperidone F3	90 mg risperidone	228 mg PLGA (L/G 50/50, 23.5 KDa)	282 mg

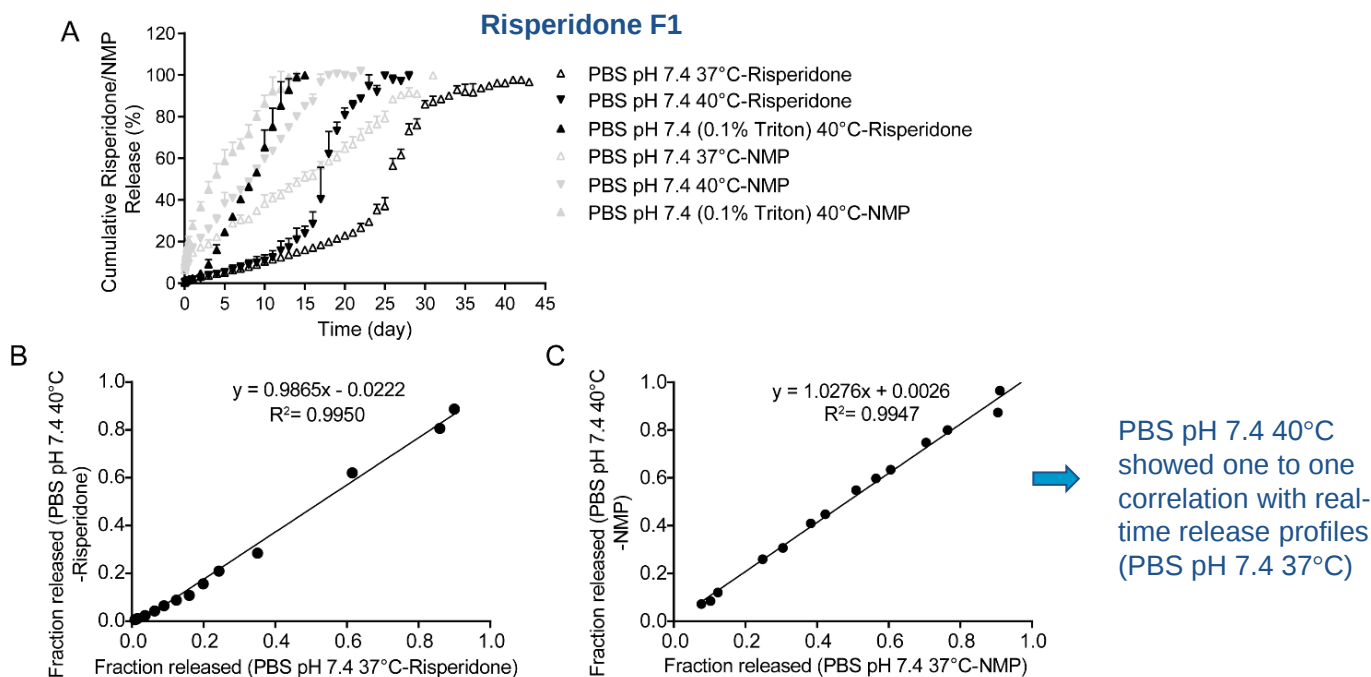
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In situ forming implants

-Development of reproducible *in vitro* release testing method

Accelerated dissolution method based on the novel adapter



X. Wang, Q. Bao, M. S. Suh, M. Kastellorizios, R. Wang, D. J. Burgess. Novel adapter method for *in vitro* release testing of *in situ* forming implants. *Int. J. Pharm.*, 2022, 621:121777.

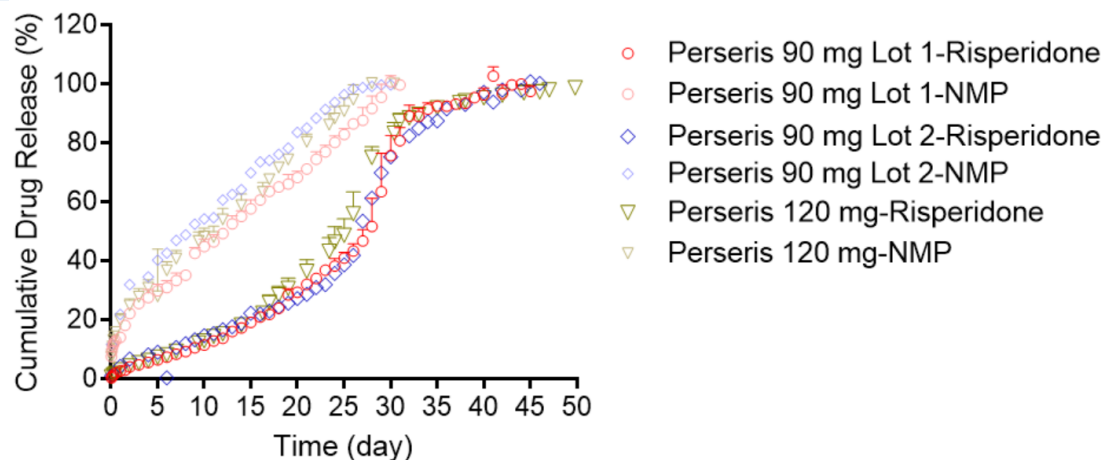




In situ forming implants

-Reverse engineering of RLD Perseris® and *in vitro*/
in vivo characterization

Formulation	Molecular weight (tested)	L/G ratio	End group	Blockiness (Rc)
Perseris® 90 mg	22.2 kDa	79.52/20.48	Acid	2.53
Perseris® 120 mg	21.7 kDa	78.48/21.52	Acid	2.48



In vitro release testing of Perseris in phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) at 37°C using 0.1 mL adapters, USP 2 (n=3).

Comparison	f2 value
Perseris 90 mg Lot 1 vs Perseris 90 mg Lot 2	72.41
Perseris 90 mg Lot 1 vs Perseris 120 mg Lot 1	59.29



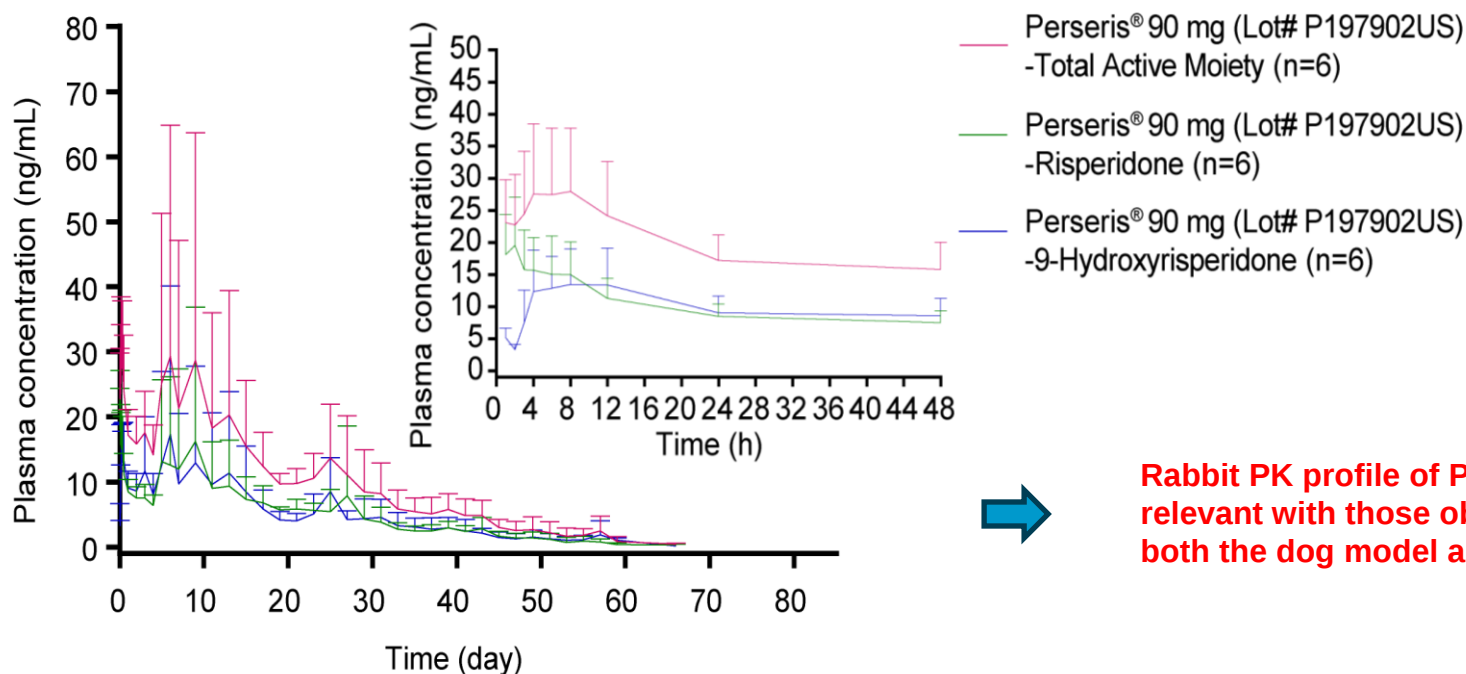
f2 test indicates high similarity between different strengths and between different lots of the same strength



In situ forming implants

-Reverse engineering of RLD Perseris® and *in vitro*/
in vivo characterization

Rabbit

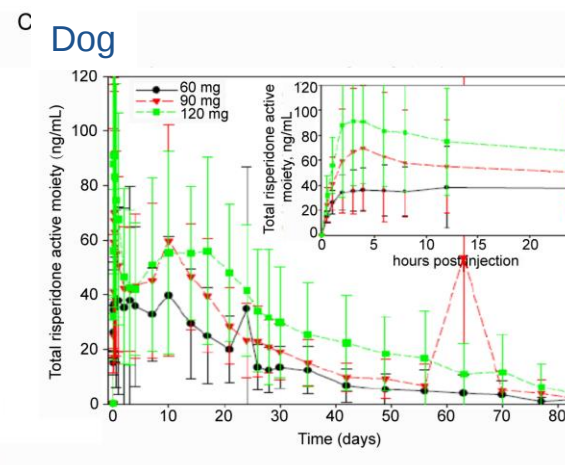
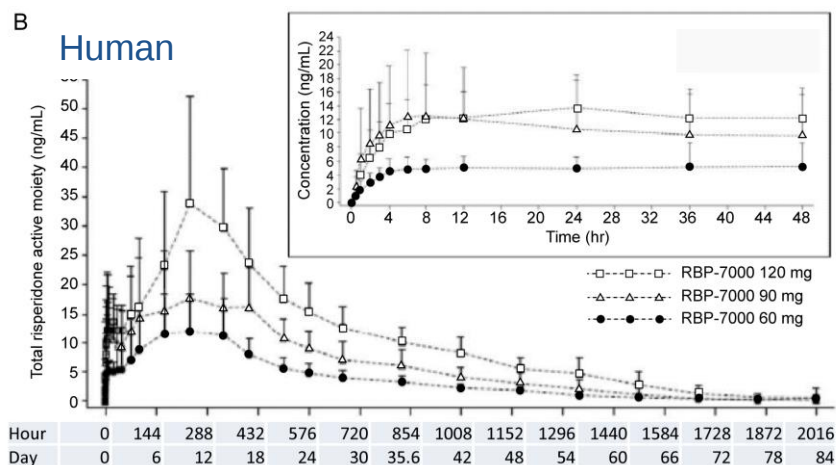


Rabbit PK profile of Perseris is relevant with those obtained from both the dog model and human



In situ forming implants

-Reverse engineering of RLD Perseris® and *in vitro*/
in vivo characterization



X. Wang, Q. Bao, R. Wang, T. Li, Y. Wang, B. Qin, Q. Li, D. J. Burgess, *In Vivo* Characterization of Perseris and Compositionally Equivalent Formulations. J. Control. Release. In submission.



In situ forming implants

–Impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants

PLGA No.	MW (kD)	Inherent Viscosity		L/G ratio		Blockiness		End group		T _g
	Target; Reported	Reported	Tested	Target; Reported	Tested	Target; Reported	Tested	Target; Reported	Tested	Tested (° C)
0	24.2; 24.2	0.28	0.281	80/20; 79/21	78:22	2.50; 2.15	2.20	Acid; Acid	Acid	45.30±0.76
1	19.2; 18.2	0.23	0.237	75/25; 74/26	73:27	2.10; 2.56	2.72	Acid; Acid	Acid	44.50±0.53
2	19.2; 17.8	0.23	0.252	80/20; 79/21	78:22	2.50; 2.42	2.41	Acid; Acid	Acid	45.36±0.93
3	19.2; 18.3	0.22	0.242	85:15; 84:16	83:17	2.90; 2.30	2.41	Acid; Acid	Acid	45.39±0.32
4	24.2; 25.4	0.28	0.287	75:25; 74:26	73:27	2.50; 2.51	2.59	Acid; Acid	Acid	46.84±0.31
5	24.2; 25.0	0.28	0.276	80:20; 79:21	78:22	2.90; 2.63	2.53	Acid; Acid	Acid	46.31±0.77
6	24.2; 26.4	0.29	0.271	85:15; 85:15	84:16	2.10; 2.08	2.10	Acid; Acid	Acid	46.91±0.71
7	29.2; 31.8	0.34	0.352	75:25; 74:26	73:27	2.90; 2.83	3.08	Acid; Acid	Acid	46.68±0.44
8	29.2; 31.1	0.33	0.357	80:20; 79:21	79:21	2.10; 2.38	2.52	Acid; Acid	Acid	47.79±0.54
9	29.2; 31.1	0.32	0.357	85:15; 85:15	84/16	2.50; 2.22	2.23	Acid; Acid	Acid	48.19±0.67
10	24.2; 26.7	0.29	0.285	80:20; 80:20	79:21	2.20; 1.82	1.69	Ester; Ester	Ester	42.08±0.85
11	24.2; 24.9	0.26	0.257	50:50; 50:50	49:51	2.50; 2.60	2.81	Acid; Acid	Acid	45.55±0.44
12	24.2; 27.1	0.29	0.285	50:50; 50:50	49:51	3.00; 2.67	3.12	Acid; Acid	Acid	44.44±0.32
13	24.2; 25.8	0.29	0.281	50:50; 50:50	49:51	3.50; 3.50	4.33	Acid; Acid	Acid	44.86±0.16

X. Wang, Q. Bao, R. Wang, O. Kwok, K. Maurus, Y. Wang, B. Qin, D. J. Burgess. *In Situ* Forming Risperidone Implants: Effect of PLGA Attributes on Product Performance. *Journal of Controlled Release*, 2023, 361: 777-791



In situ forming implants

–Impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants

Formulation No.	PLGA	Solvent	Drug
Perseris	228 mg PLGA (Mw 22 kDa, L/G 80:20, Blockiness 2.50, Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
0	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 24.2; L/G ratio: 80/20; Blockiness: 2.15; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
1	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 18.2; L/G ratio: 75/25; Blockiness: 2.56; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
2	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 17.8; L/G ratio: 80/20; Blockiness: 2.42; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
3	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 18.3; L/G ratio: 85/15; Blockiness: 2.30; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
4	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 25.4; L/G ratio: 75:25; Blockiness: 2.51; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
5	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 25.0; L/G ratio: 80/20; Blockiness: 2.63; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
6	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 26.4; L/G ratio: 85/15; Blockiness: 2.10; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
7	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 31.8; L/G ratio: 75:25; Blockiness: 2.83; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
8	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 31.1; L/G ratio: 80/20; Blockiness: 2.38; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
9	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 31.1; L/G ratio: 85/15; Blockiness: 2.22; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
10	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 26.7; L/G ratio: 80/20; Blockiness: 1.82; Ester end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
11	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 24.9; L/G ratio: 50/50; Blockiness: 2.60; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
12	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 27.1; L/G ratio: 50/50; Blockiness: 2.67; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone
13	228 mg PLGA (Mw: 25.8; L/G ratio: 50/50; Blockiness: 3.50; Acid end-cap)	282 mg NMP	90 mg Risperidone

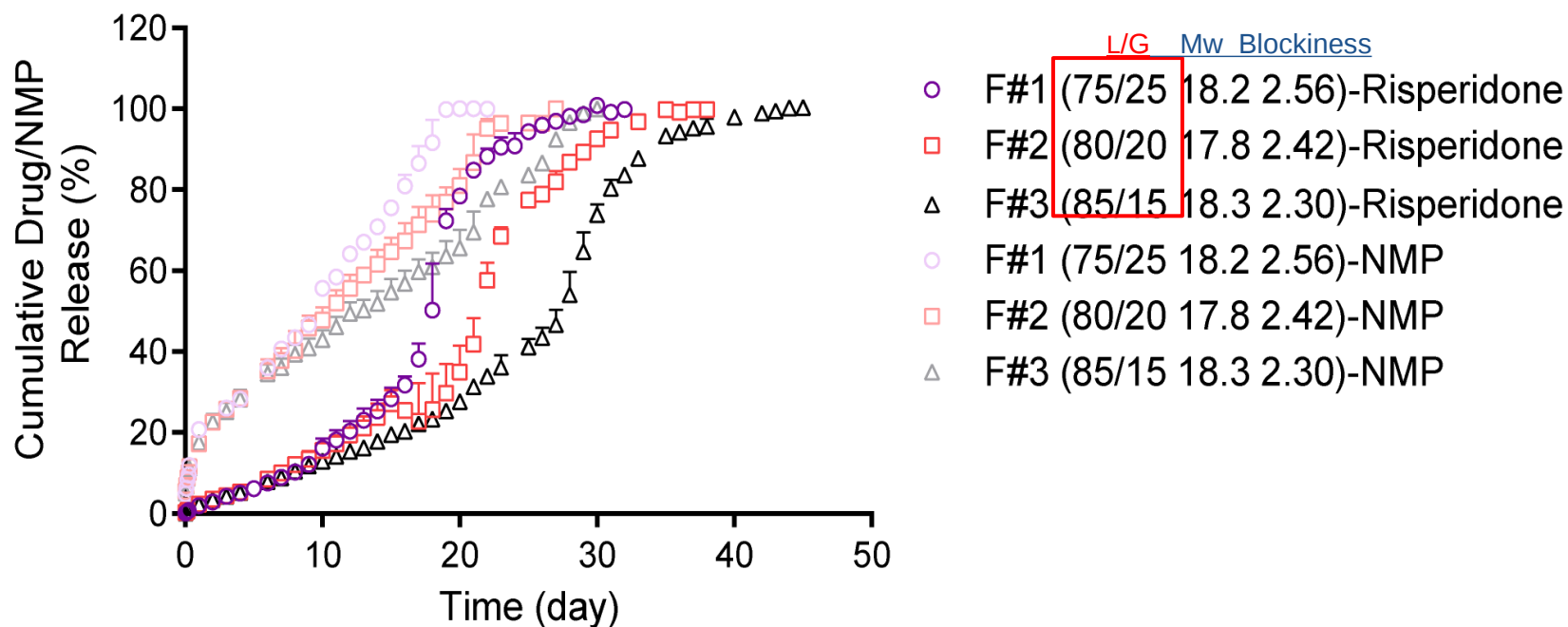
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In situ forming implants

-Impact of polymer attributes on implant performance of *in situ* forming implants

In vitro drug release profiles (Adapter method)-Impact of L/G ratio at Mw 18 KDa



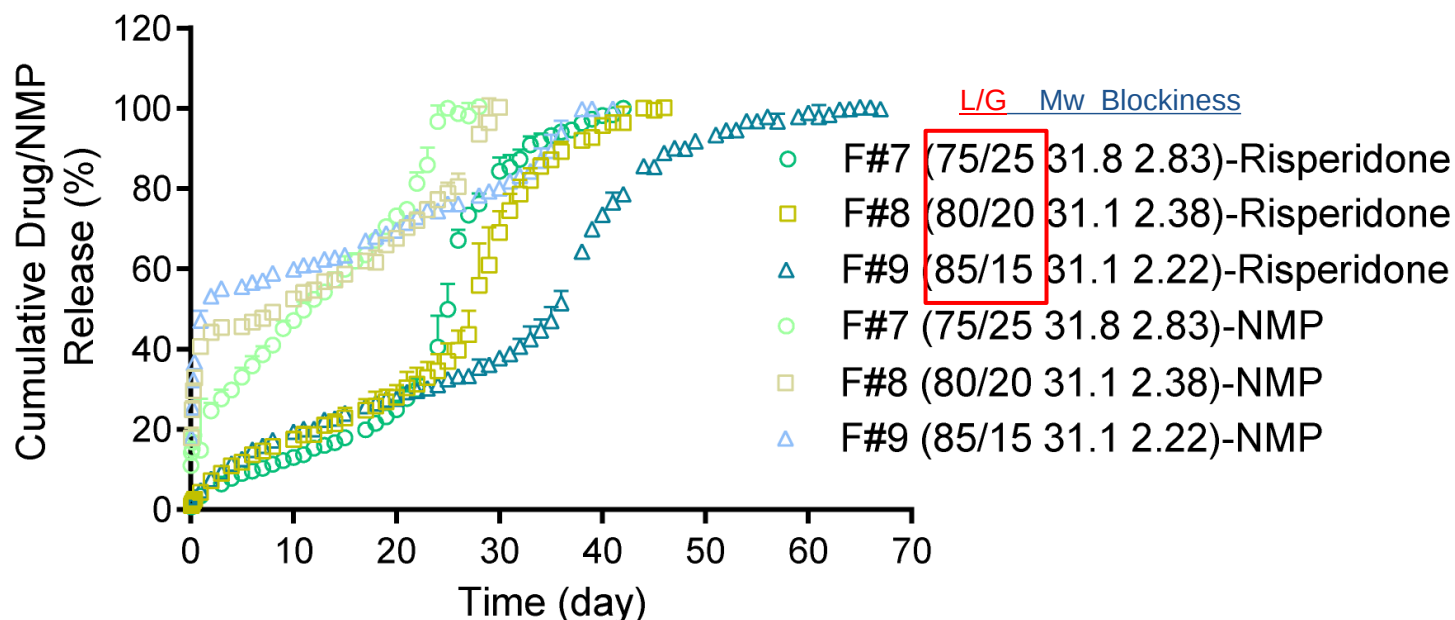
In vitro release testing of different risperidone/PLGA/NMP *in situ* forming implant formulations in phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) at 37°C using 0.1 mL adapters, USP 2 (n=3).



In situ forming implants

–Impact of polymer attributes on implant performance of *in situ* forming implants

In vitro drug release profiles (Adapter method)-Impact of L/G ratio at Mw 31 KDa



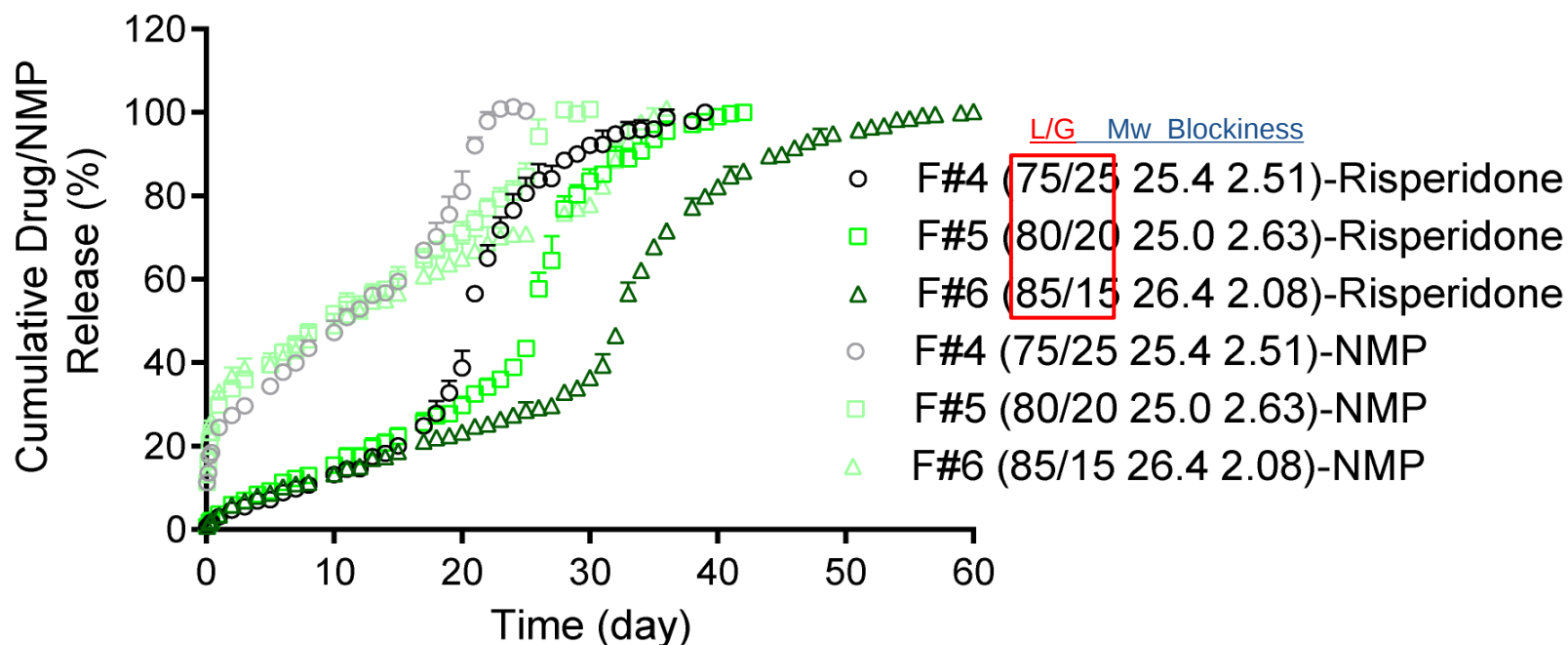
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In situ forming implants

–Impact of polymer attributes on implant performance of *in situ* forming implants

In vitro drug release profiles (Adapter method)-Impact of L/G ratio at Mw 25 KDa

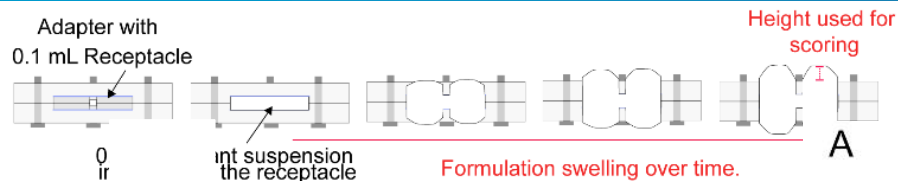


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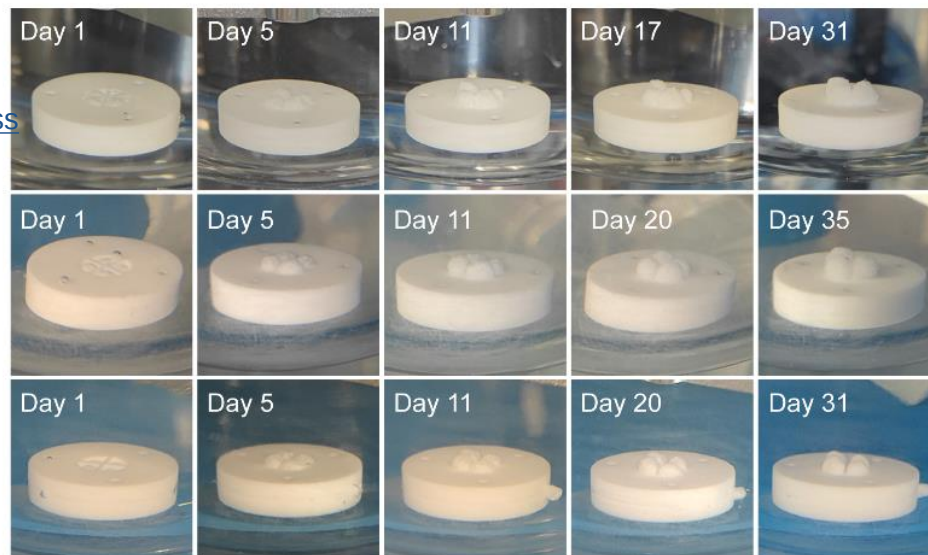


In situ forming implants

-Impact of polymer attributes on implant performance of *in situ* forming implants

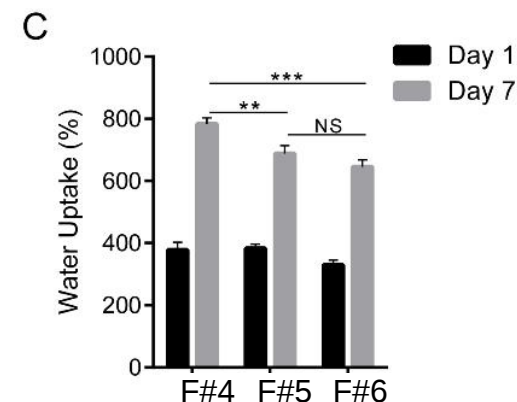
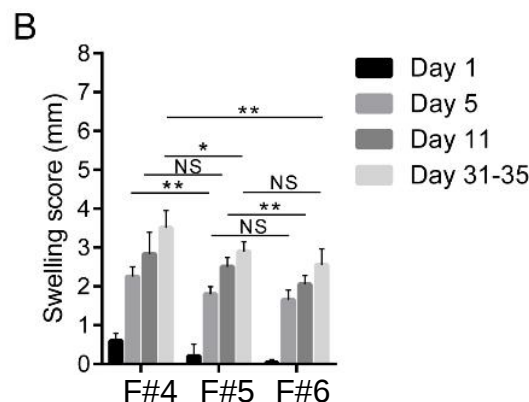


	L/G	Mw	Blockiness
F#4	(75/25)	25.4	2.51
F#5	(80/20)	25.5	2.63
F#6	(85/15)	26.4	2.08



L/G ratio ↑

Swelling and water uptake ↓

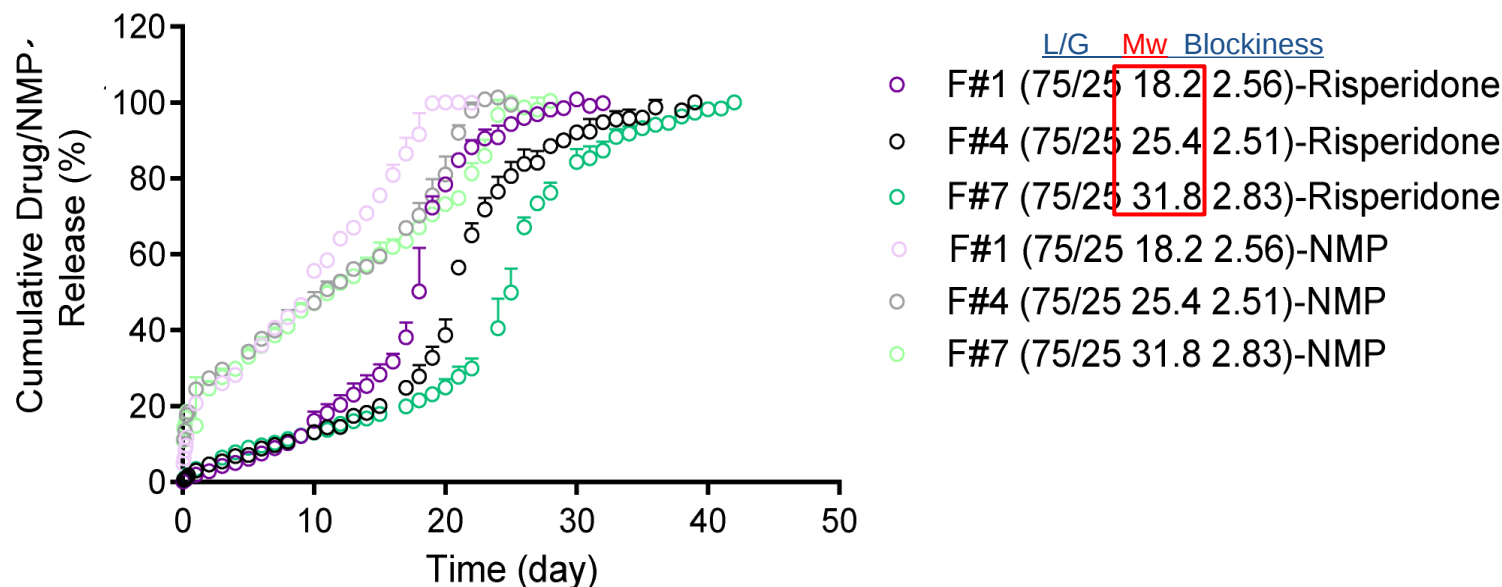




In situ forming implants

-Impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants

In vitro drug release profiles (Adapter method)- Impact of Mw at L/G ratio 75/25



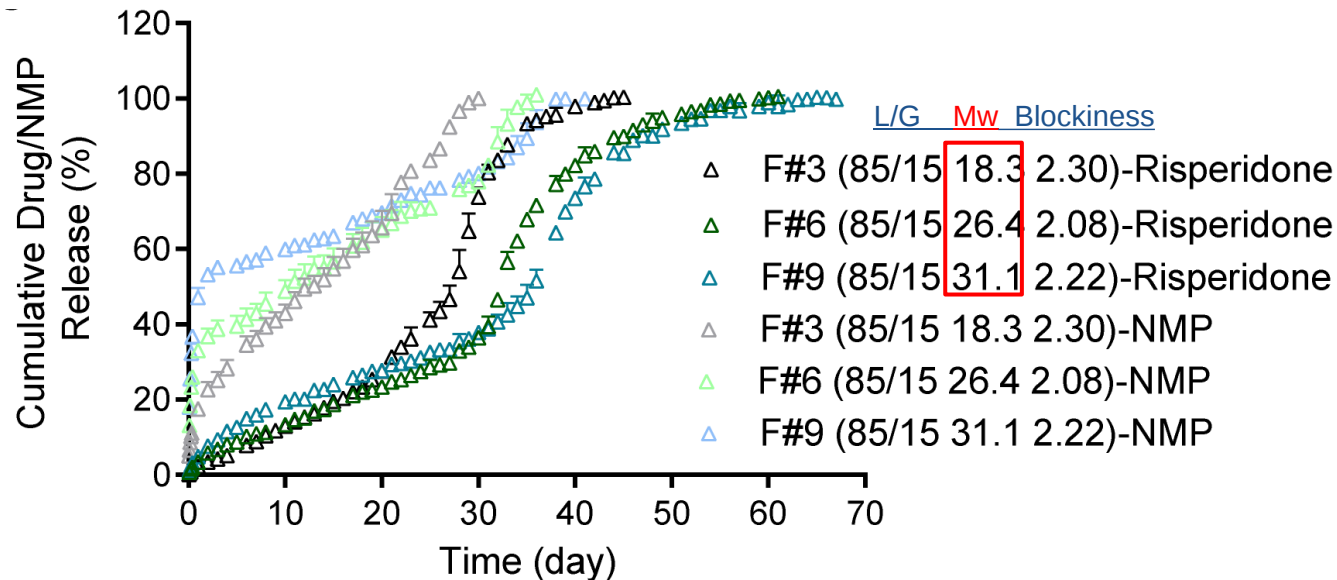
In vitro release testing of different risperidone/PLGA/NMP *in situ* forming implant formulations in phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) at 37°C using 0.1 mL adapters, USP 2 (n=3).



In situ forming implants

-Impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants

In vitro drug release profiles (Adapter method)- Impact of Mw at L/G ratio 85/15



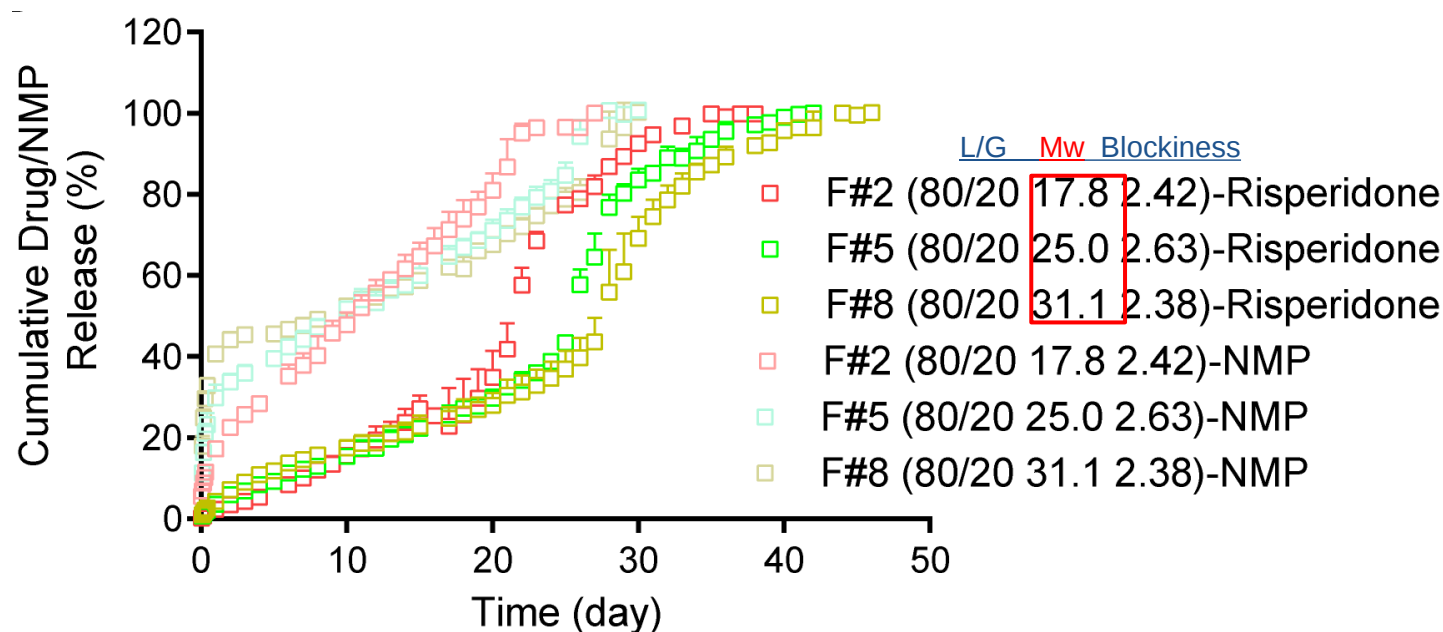
In vitro release testing of different risperidone/PLGA/NMP *in situ* forming implant formulations in phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) at 37°C using 0.1 mL adapters, USP 2 (n=3).



In situ forming implants

–Impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants

In vitro drug release profiles (Adapter method)- Impact of Mw at L/G ratio 80/20



In vitro release testing of different risperidone/PLGA/NMP *in situ* forming implant formulations in phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) at 37°C using 0.1 mL adapters, USP 2 (n=3).

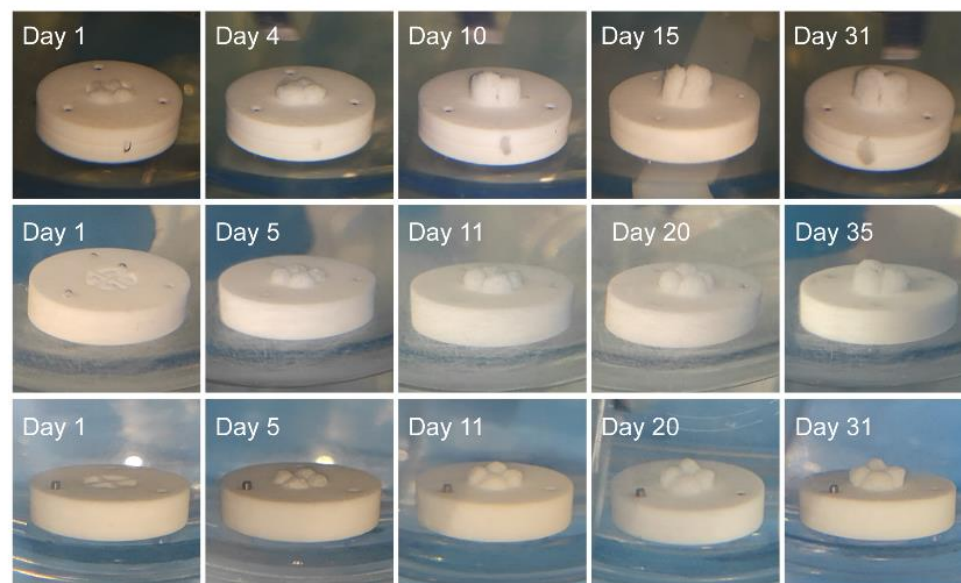


In situ forming implants

-Impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants

A

	<u>L/G</u>	<u>Mw</u>	<u>Blockiness</u>
F#2 (80/20)		17.8	2.42
F#5 (80/20)		25.5	2.63
F#8 (80/20)		31.1	2.38



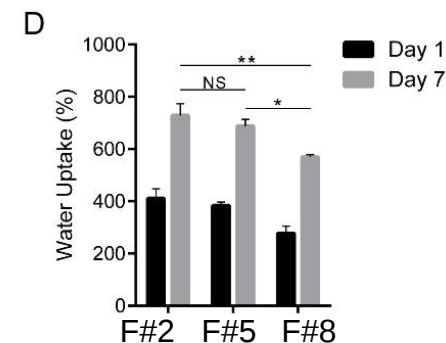
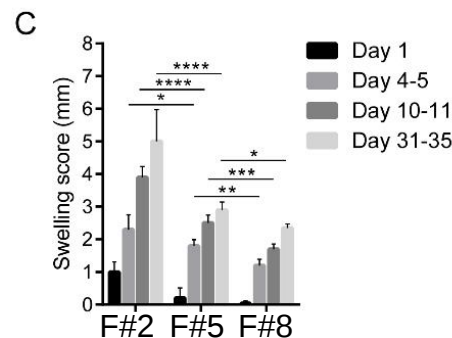
injected into the receptacle

Formulation swelling over time.

Mw



Swelling and water uptake

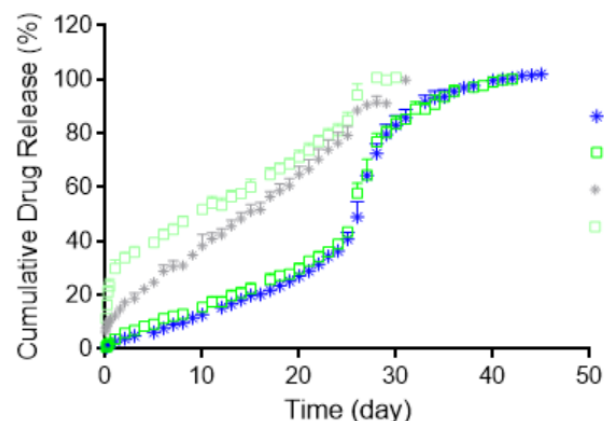




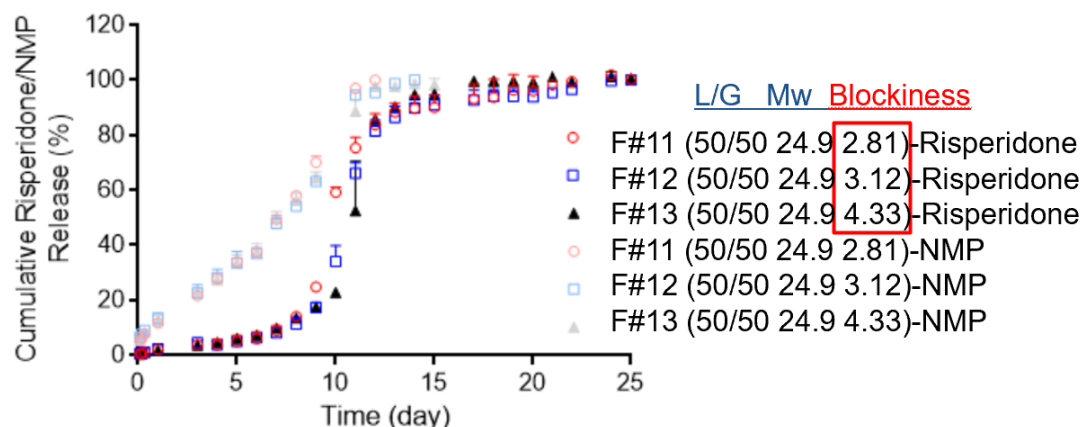
In situ forming implants

–Impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants

In vitro drug release profiles (Adapter method)- Impact of Blockiness



	L/G	Mw	Blockiness	
*	F#0	(80/20 24.2	2.15)	Risperidone
□	F#5	(80/20 25.0	2.63)	Risperidone
*	F#0	(80/20 24.2	2.15)	-NMP
□	F#5	(80/20 25.0	2.63)	-NMP



	L/G	Mw	Blockiness	
○	F#11	(50/50 24.9	2.81)	Risperidone
□	F#12	(50/50 24.9	3.12)	Risperidone
▲	F#13	(50/50 24.9	4.33)	Risperidone
○	F#11	(50/50 24.9	2.81)	-NMP
□	F#12	(50/50 24.9	3.12)	-NMP
▲	F#13	(50/50 24.9	4.33)	-NMP

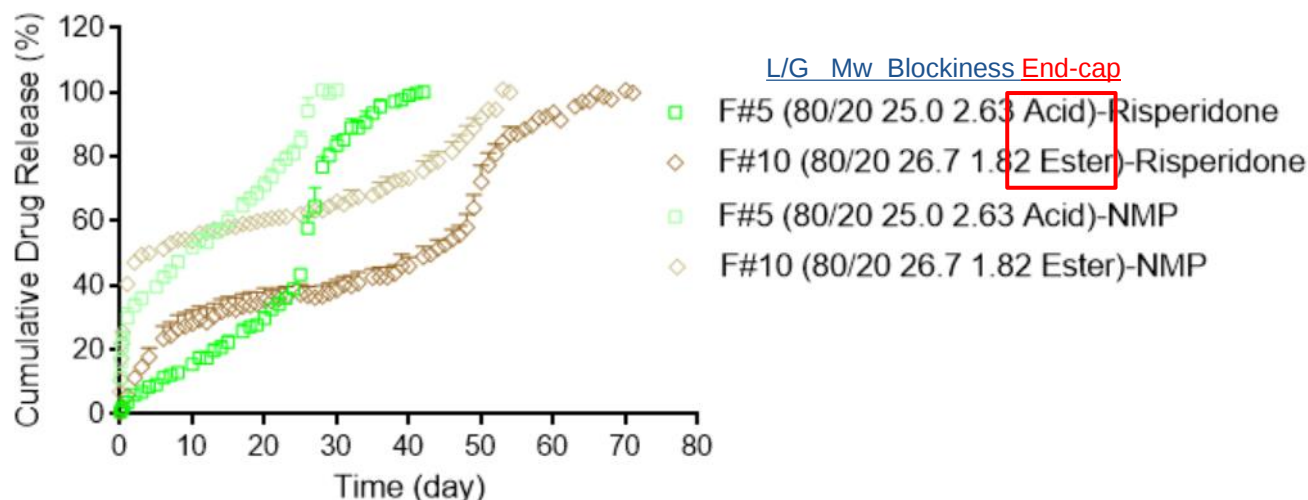
In vitro release testing of different risperidone/PLGA/NMP *in situ* forming implant formulations in phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) at 37°C using 0.1 mL adapters, USP 2 (n=3).



In situ forming implants

-Impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants

In vitro drug release profiles (Adapter method)- Impact of End-cap (acid vs ester)

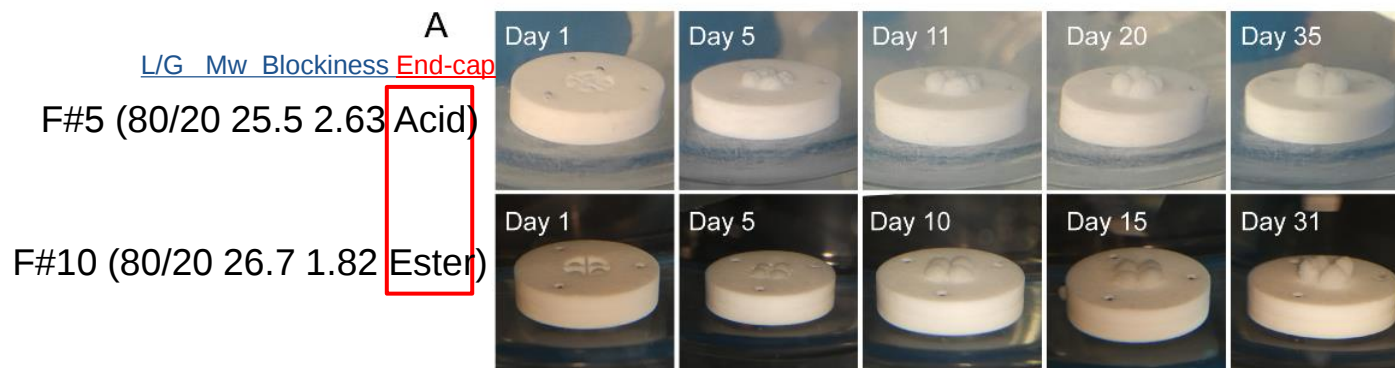


In vitro release testing of different risperidone/PLGA/NMP *in situ* forming implant formulations in phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) at 37°C using 0.1 mL adapters, USP 2 (n=3).

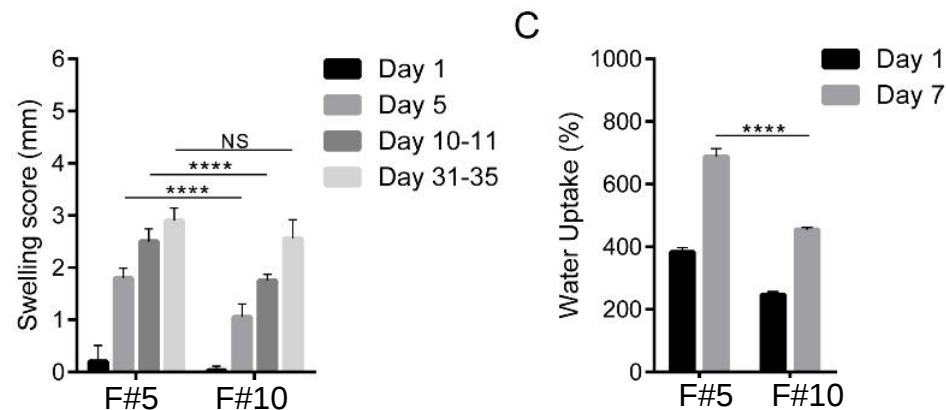


In situ forming implants

-Impact of polymer attributes on performance of *in situ* forming implants



Ester end-cap resulted in less swelling and less water uptake of the formulation depot







In Vivo Rabbit Model

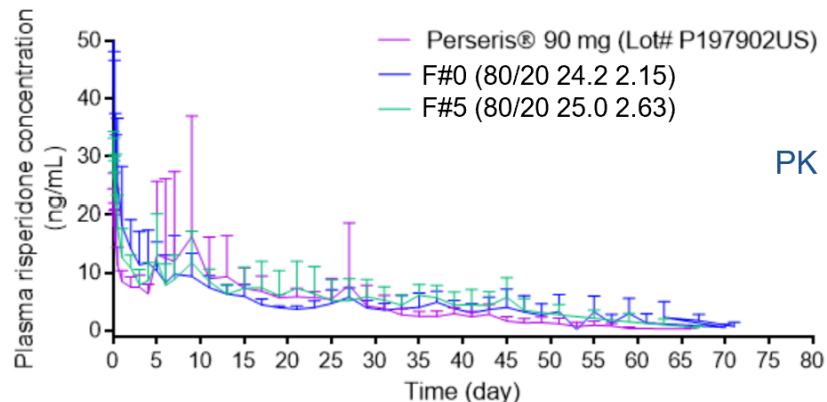
Rabbit model

- *In vivo* PK Profiles and Deconvoluted Drug Absorption Profiles
- Factors Contributing to the *In Vitro-In Vivo* Differences
- Improving the *In Vitro* Release Profiles

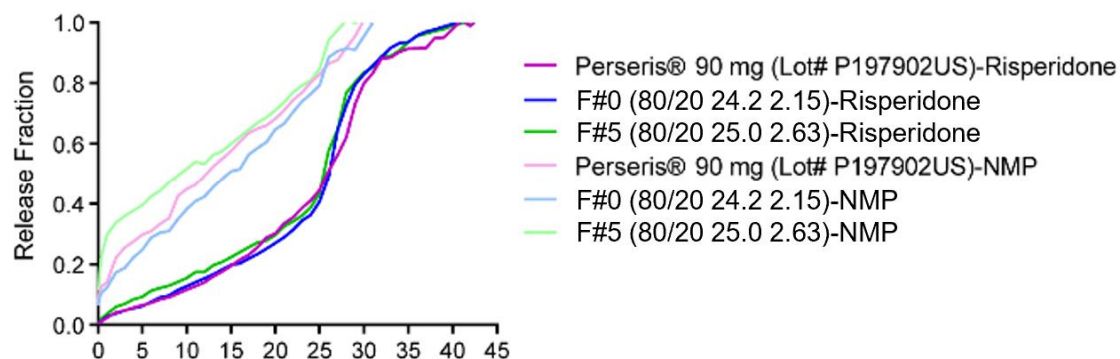
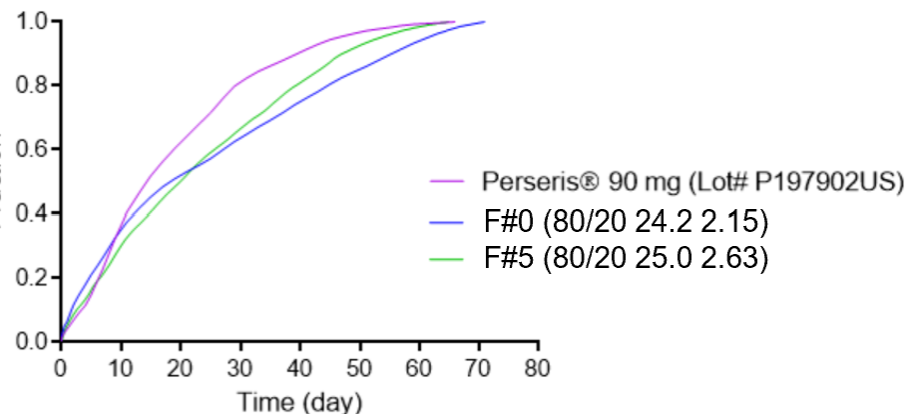


In Vivo PK Profiles and Deconvoluted Drug Absorption Profiles

RLD and compositional equivalent formulations (F#0 & F#5)
& impact of blockiness (F#0 vs F#5)

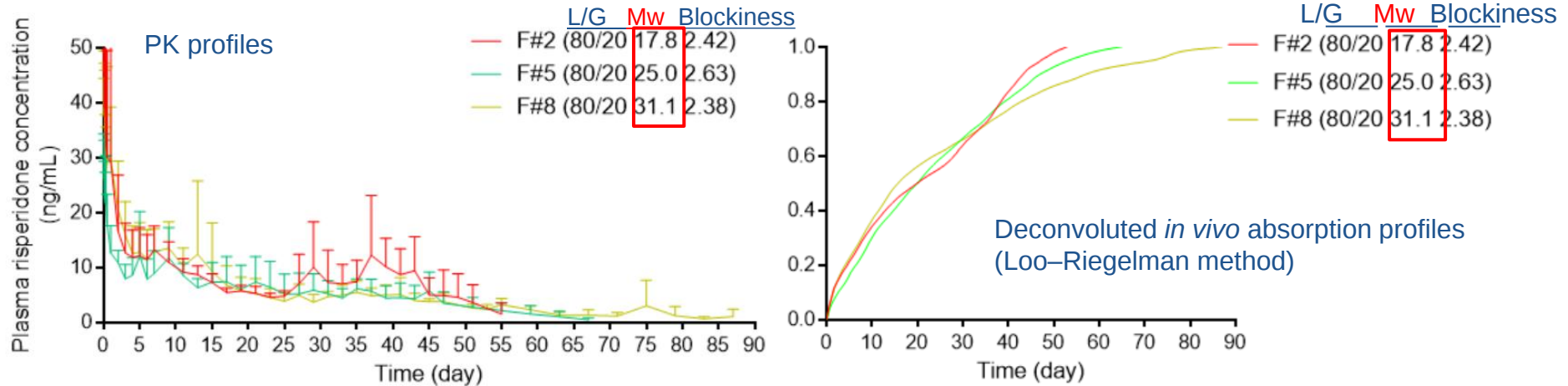


Deconvoluted *in vivo* absorption profiles
(Loo–Riegelman method)



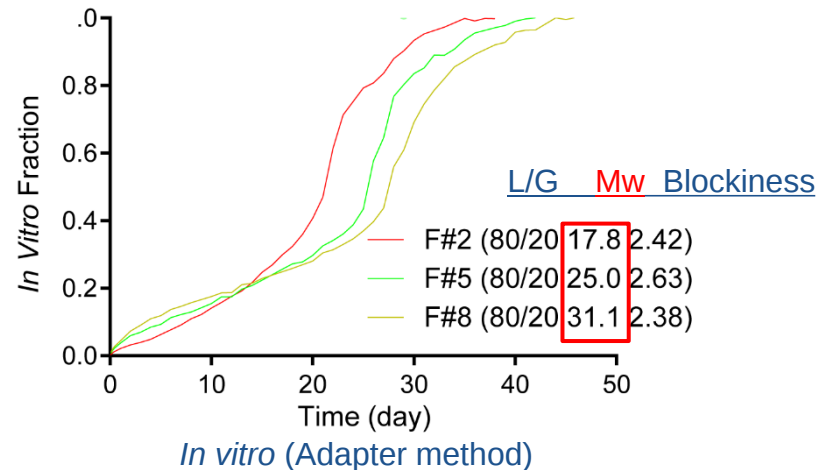
Comparison (<i>in vivo</i>)	f2 value
	Risperidone
Perseris vs F#0	53.35
Perseris vs F#5	51.22

Impact of Mw



The same rank order between *in vivo* and *in vitro*

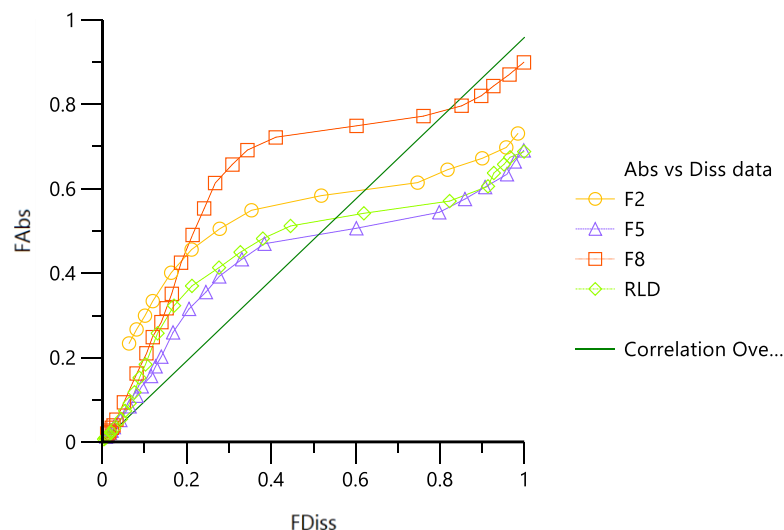
Comparison (<i>in vivo</i>)	f2 value
	Risperidone
F#2 vs F#5	72.78
F#5 vs F#8	63.36
F#2 vs F#8	62.62





Undesirable IVIVC; Mw differences

F#2, F#5, F#8, Perseris®



Dissolution: Double Weibull

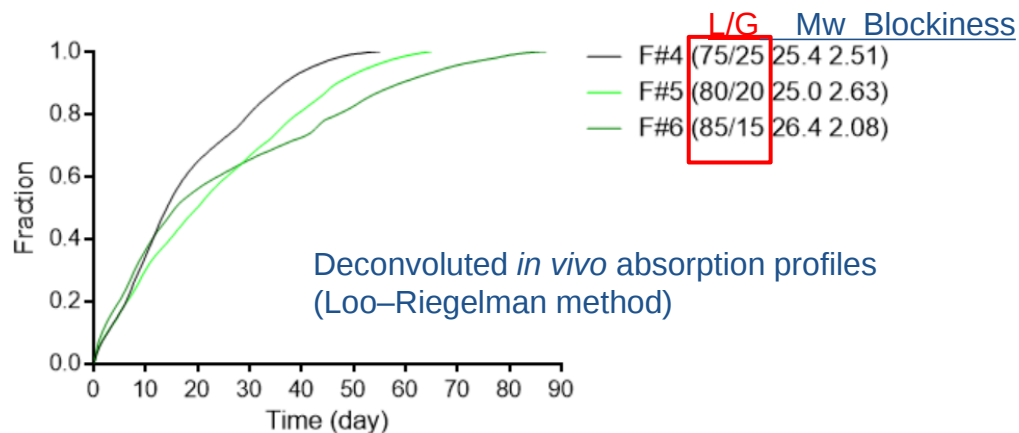
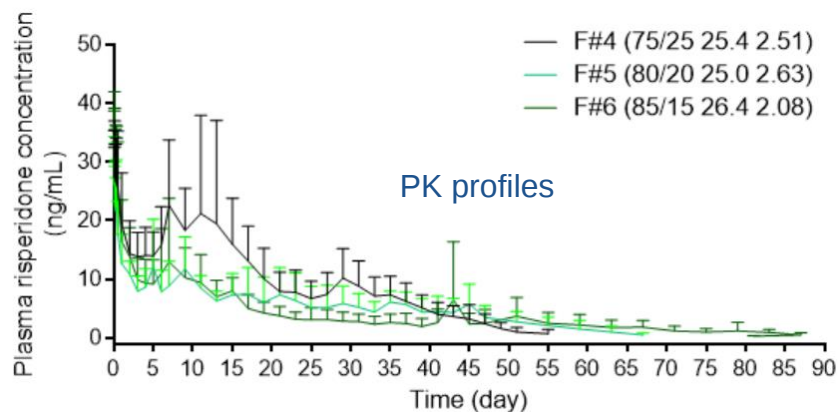
Correlation:

$$Fabs = AbsScale * (Diss(Tscale * Tvivo))$$

Formulation	Parameter	Predicted	Observed	%PE	Ratio
F#2					
Internal	AUClast	399.2589	456.2263	-12.4867	0.875133
F#2					
Internal	Cmax	32.54044	47.97764	-32.1758	0.678242
F#5					
Internal	AUClast	375.1248	358.9916	4.49404	1.04494
F#5					
Internal	Cmax	30.69467	26.31322	16.65112	1.166511
F#8					
Internal	AUClast	340.9851	453.3219	-24.7808	0.752192
F#8					
Internal	Cmax	26.68653	39.31681	-32.1244	0.678756
RLD					
External	AUClast	388.2078	306.9998	26.45211	1.264521
RLD					
External	Cmax	29.53408	19.54009	51.14606	1.511461
Avg					
Internal	AUClast	371.7896	422.8466	13.9205	0.879254
Avg					
Internal	Cmax	29.97388	37.86923	26.98377	0.79151

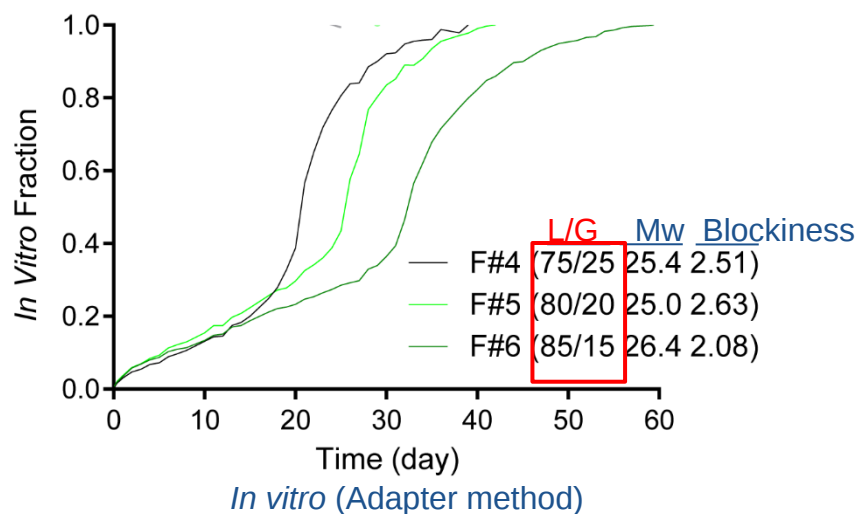


Impact of L/G ratio



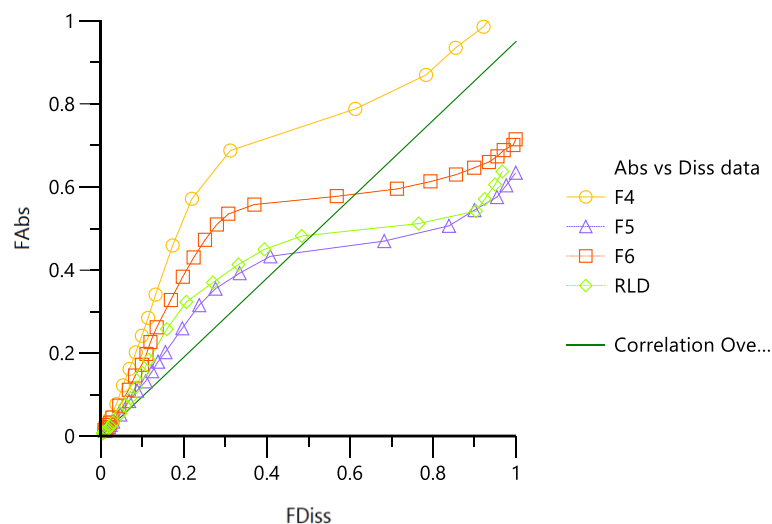
The same rank order between *in vivo* and *in vitro*

Comparison (<i>in vivo</i>)	f2 value
	Risperidone
F#4 vs F#5	48.54
F#5 vs F#6	63.69
F#4 vs F#6	29.50



Undesirable IVIVC; L/G ratio

F#4, F#5, F#6, Perseris®



Dissolution: Double Webull

Correlation:

$$F_{abs} = AbsScale * (Diss(Tscale * T_{vivo}))$$

Formulation	Parameter	Predicted	Observed	%PE	Ratio
F#4					
Internal	AUClast	333.8897	519.8985	-35.7779	0.642221
F#4					
Internal	Cmax	45.88775	28.16312	62.93561	1.629356
F#5					
Internal	AUClast	351.5489	358.9916	-2.07321	0.979268
F#5					
Internal	Cmax	37.85684	26.31322	43.87001	1.4387
F#6					
Internal	AUClast	346.5263	344.8982	0.47203	1.00472
F#6					
Internal	Cmax	25.45798	29.31715	-13.1635	0.868365
RLD					
External	AUClast	371.7111	306.9998	21.07861	1.210786
RLD					
External	Cmax	37.52091	19.54009	92.0201	1.920201
Avg					
Internal	AUClast	343.9883	407.9295	12.77439	0.843254
Avg					
Internal	Cmax	36.40086	27.93116	39.98971	1.303235

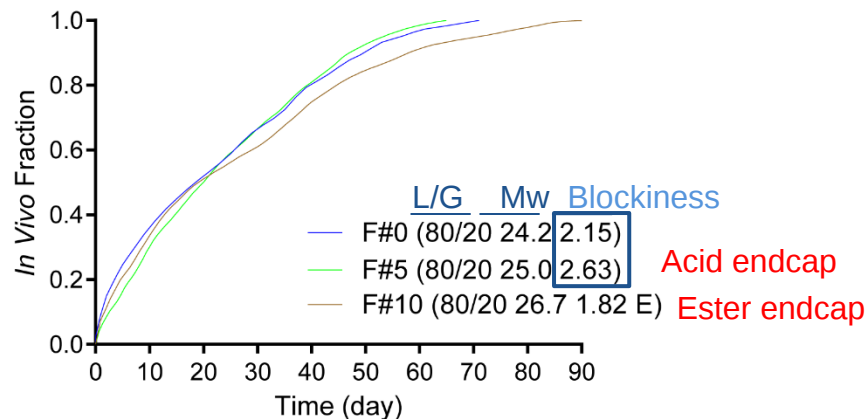
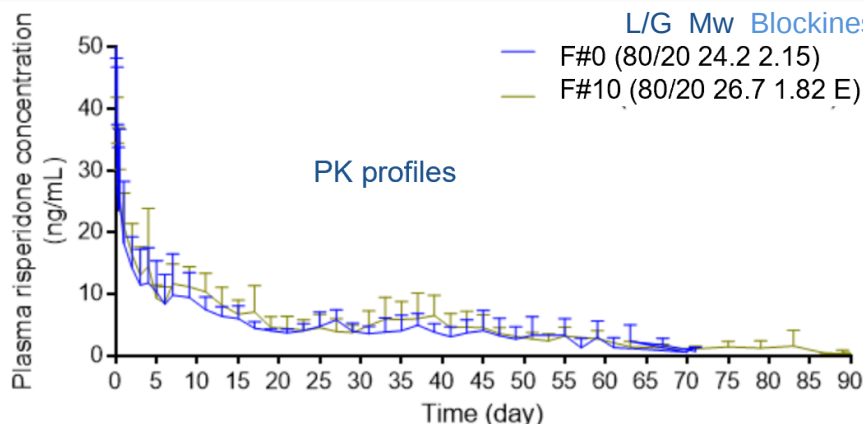


Impact of End-cap

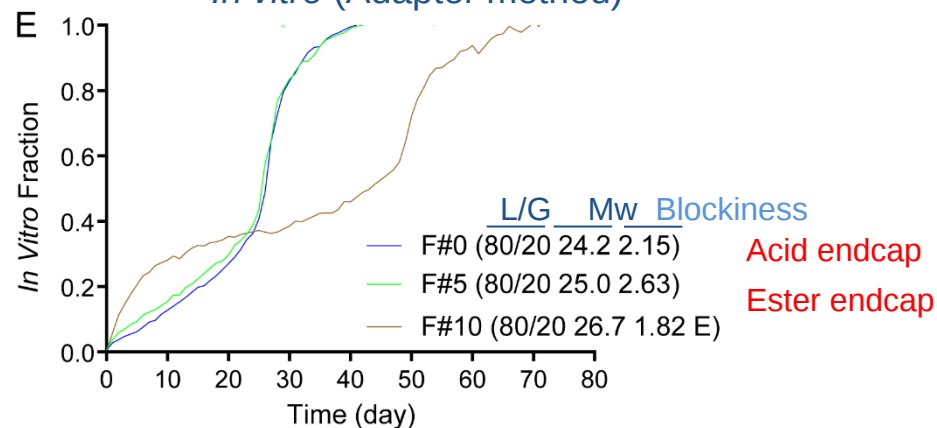
L/G Mw Blockiness End-cap

— F#0 (80/20 24.2 2.15)
— F#10 (80/20 26.7 1.82 E)

PK profiles



In vitro (Adapter method)

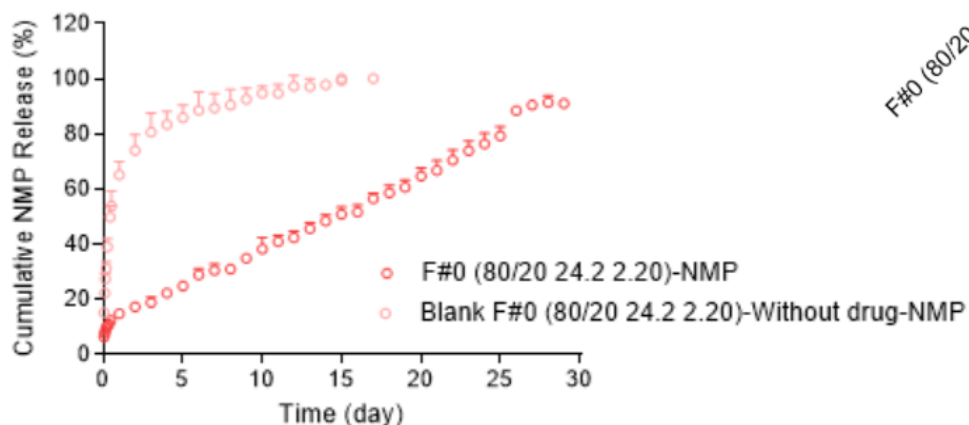
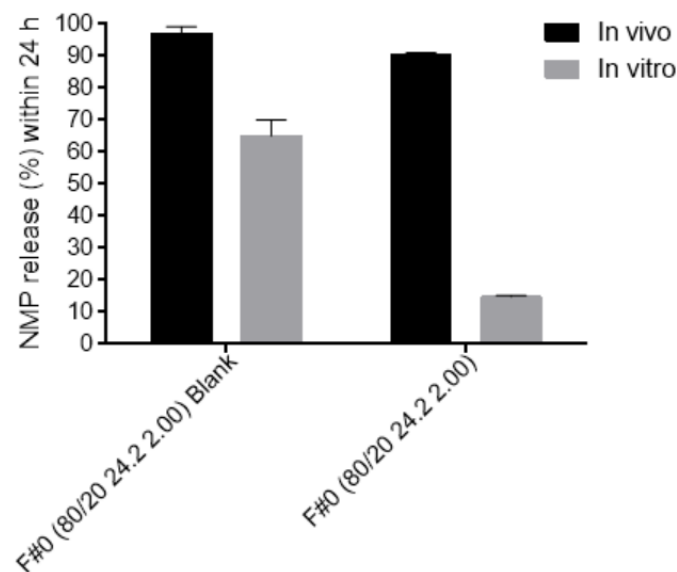
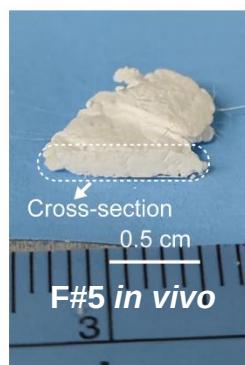
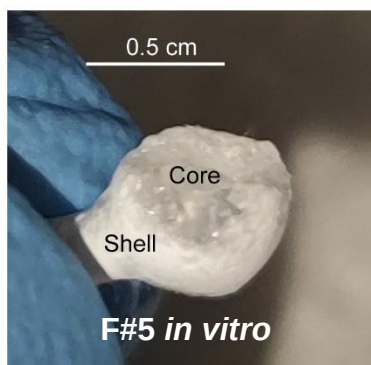


Comparison (<i>in vivo</i>)	f2 value
F#5 vs F#10	65.22
F#0 vs F#5	64.03



Factors contributing to the *in vitro-in vivo* differences:

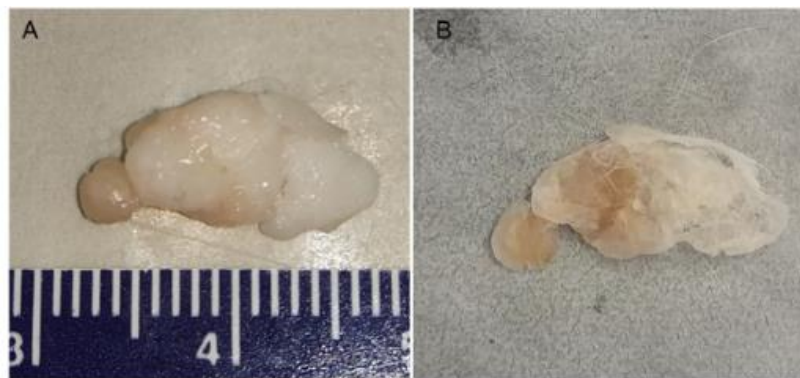
- Different phase separation rates
- Different mechanical pressure
- Different water uptake





Factors contributing to the *in vitro-in vivo* differences:

- Different phase separation rates
- **Different mechanical pressure**
- Different water uptake



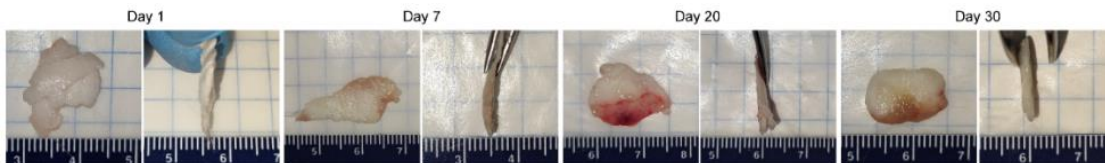
Before extracting
PLGA/NMP/drug
using acetonitrile

Collagen/tissue shell
left following extraction

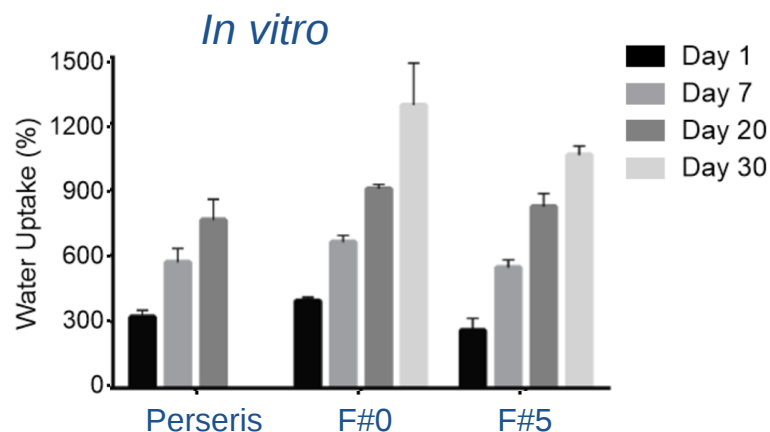
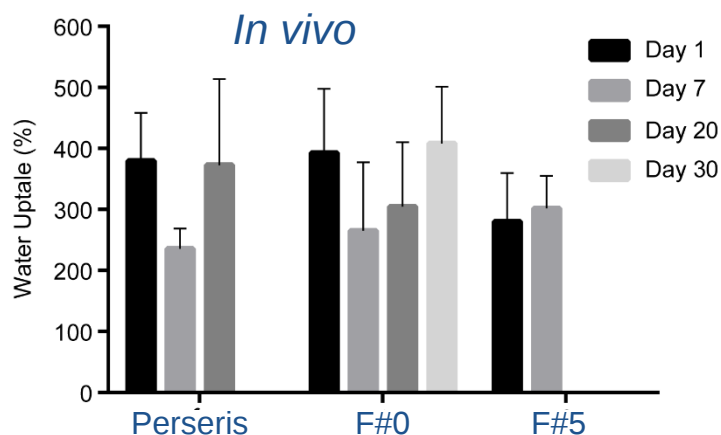
Factors Contributing to The *In Vitro-In Vivo* Differences:

- Different phase separation rates
- Different mechanical pressure
- **Different water uptake**

F#0 *in vivo*



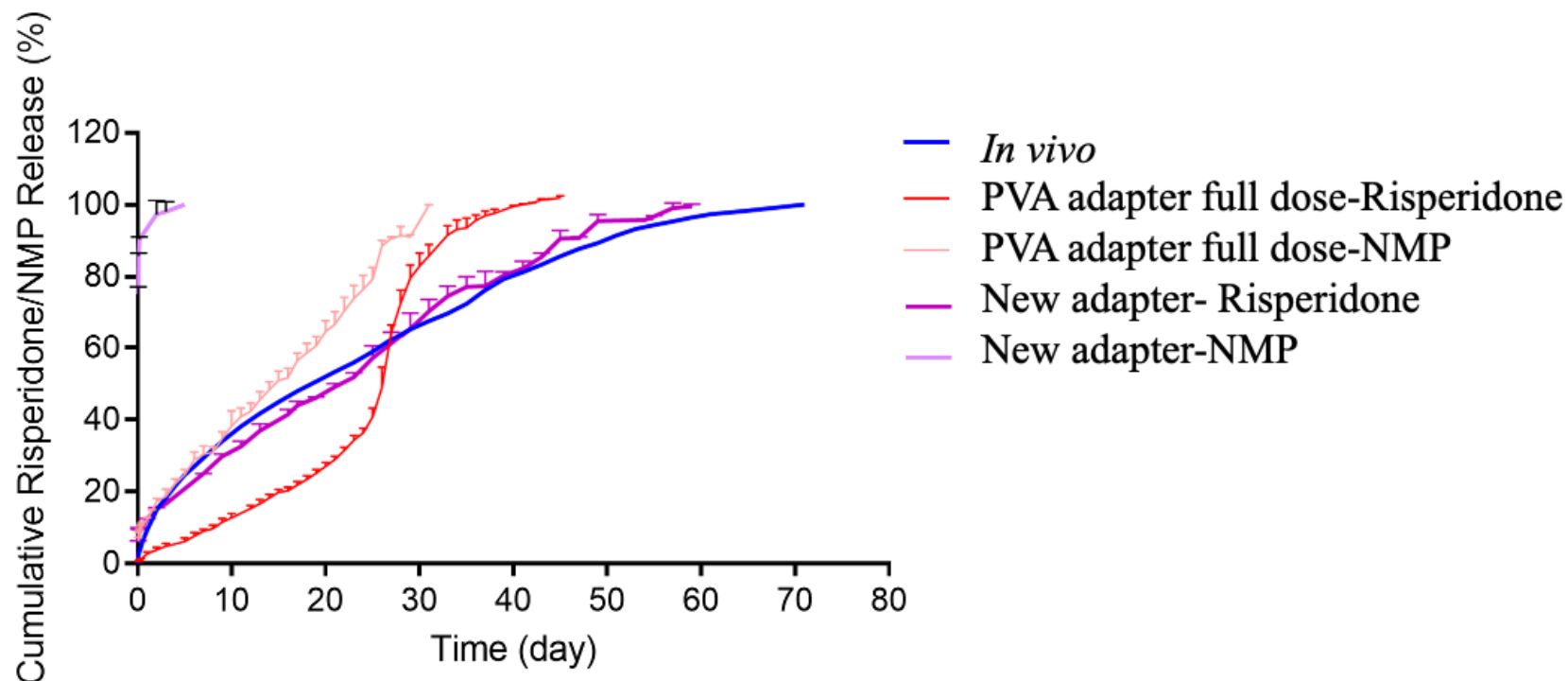
F#0 *in vitro*





Improving the *In Vitro* Release Profiles:

F#0





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